CRVS Coordination Mechanisms

Workshop to strengthen national capacity in producing and disseminating vital statistics from civil registration records in Asia and the Pacific

8 March 2017
Commitment by 2024

Universal civil registration of births, deaths and other vital events;

All individuals are provided with legal documentation of civil registration of births, deaths and other vital events, as necessary, to claim identity, civil status and ensuing rights;

Accurate, complete and timely vital statistics (including causes of death) are produced based on registration records and are disseminated.
Implementation steps
Key Principles

- Countries take the lead
- A stepwise approach
- Flexibility and responsiveness
- Building on local expertise
- Consistency with international legal principles
- Coordination and alignment, including with sub regional initiatives
What does the Regional Action Framework say about coordination?

Key principle is that the Regional Action Framework is a platform to facilitate harmonization and avoid duplication of activities of local, provincial, national, regional and international stakeholders, including subregional initiatives, for augmented impact in countries.

Action Area C is Coordination

Implementation step on national coordination mechanism
Regional support to national implementation

- Regional Partnership on CRVS
  - Whole-of-government approach
  - Advocacy
  - Tools development
  - Implementation research
  - Technical support
  - Knowledge sharing
  - Linking country, sub-regional, regional and global initiatives
Example activities related to coordination at the national level

- Establishing a representative and functioning multisectoral mechanism responsible for CRVS coordination, such as a national committee or board;
- Assigning the national CRVS coordination mechanism with the task of overseeing the implementation of a comprehensive multisectoral national CRVS strategy and liaising with development partners;
- Ensuring linkages between CRVS improvement efforts and relevant national development plans such as national strategies for the development of statistics.
What does coordination look like in your country?

- Who are the key **stakeholders**? Other stakeholders to be included?
- Ensure alignment of activities and **responsibilities** to avoid overlaps and gaps,
- Knowledge sharing
- **Formalization** of coordination mechanism to ensure sustainability
- Defined **terms of references**
- Detailed **workplan** with specific activities, responsibilities and timelines
Exercise

- Who took the initiative to establish the mechanism?
- Who are the key stakeholders?
- How frequently does the Committee meet?
- Are there any subgroups/working groups etc established?
- Who does the Committee report to –and how?
- What is in the Terms of References (ToRs)?
- How have the ToRs been formalized?
- Does the Committee have a workplan?
- What are the challenges you have faced and how have these been overcome?
Want to do more?

- Organise a meeting of your coordination mechanism to present your experiences with the VS report
- Highlight the commitments made under the Ministerial Declaration and Regional Action Framework
- Develop, finalize, endorse and formalize ToRs and workplans
- Consider which stakeholders are involved
Thank you!

For more information, please visit: www.getinthepicture.org

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