Monitoring and Evaluation

Helge Brunborg

2nd TRAINING WORKSHOP
ESCAP, Bangkok, 6-10 March 2017
Monitoring

- Should be an integral part of the CR system activities
- Principles of CR useful framework for monitoring
  - Universal and compulsory
  - Continuous and permanent
  - Confidential
  - Regular dissemination
- Need to develop performance indicators for each principle
- Not related to the production of VS
Universal and compulsory

Monthly reporting (at least)

Reporting at every geographical level

Indicators

- Number of registrations
- Number of incomplete or incorrect registrations
- Crude rates of registrations
- Ratio of registrars to total population
- Average distance to local registration centre
- Completeness rates
Continuous and permanent

- Average no. of registrations per registrar per week or month
- Average time per registration for each type
- Availability of online system
- Quality control of the data at each geographical level?
Confidentiality

- Is there a protocol for protecting information on cause of death from being disclosed?
- Are the physical setting of the local registrar and registration centre facilities favourable to confidentiality?
- Are records anonymised before being transmitted to other agencies?
- Is staff trained on confidentiality and disclosure rules and regulations?
- No. of cases of misuse of CR data?
Regular dissemination

- How frequently are data transferred to the statistics office? Micro or macro?
- Frequency of VS reports?
- Most recent VS report includes data for which year(s)?
- Contents or the VS report? (no. of tables, graphs and maps on each vital event)
- What kind of feedback does the VS office provide to the CR office?
  - At the aggregate level (incl. strange results?)
  - At the micro data level (incl. errors in data?)
- Progress towards targets
Exercise

1. Which process CR indicators do you have of the CR system? Are these published? By whom, where and how often?

2. ESCAP: .....